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# Dynamic Test Specifications for Diagnostic and Control of Parameters in Tribo Systems.

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## DIMMICTEST SPECIFICATIONS FOR DIAGNOSTIC AND CONTROL OF PARAMETERS IN TRIBO SYSTEMS

مواصفات الاختبار الديناميكي لتشخيص وضبط العوامل الداخلية في اتظمة الاحكك

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ملخص البحث

تهتم هذه الدراسة بتقديم طرق التحكم في معايير الأمان وفي نفس الوقت طريقة التشخيص المعقدة لنظام الاختلام، و و و و المعلود المعلود المعلود المعلود المعلود المعلود المعلود أو و الدور و الدور و الدور و الدور المعلود المعلود المعلود و الدور المعلود الخيار الأفضل لعناصر نظام الاحتكاك و يعتبر من غير المقنع بدون معلومات عن عوامل الاحتكاك وعلوا النظام في كل مرحله من إجراء التحليل و البحث في منطقة الاحتكاك لهذا تم البدء لخلق نظام احتكاك مع معلود المعلود والتي تم فحصها.

in.

the study the control methods of the reliability parameters as well as a complex device of tribo system will be intrudes. The parameters are regulated by the states it tandards managing documents and standards of the enterprises. Its reliability and determine the optimum choice of tribo system elements. It is inconceivable without femalion about the processes of friction and wears proceeding (technical Tribo) in at each stage for analyzing and investigating the processes of the friction zone. The processes with test bench parameters begins with search for the stage for analyzing and investigating the processes of the friction zone.

reds reliability parameters, Tribo system, friction, Wear processes, diagnostic.

#### duction:

in theory allows choosing in methods and the test bench for in the limit in the limit is a limit in the limit in the limit is a limit in the limit i

the character of loading

influences in the contact zone is affected by the intensity and destruction mechanism.

For analyzing and investigating the processes of the friction zone, it is necessary to have the information about the technical Tribo (wear process and friction Electra-physical force) and (contact electrical resistance, electrical motive force, acoustic issue etc.) parameters. The time scale processes realization of the self-organizing and adaptive Tribo system can vary from seconds till hours 3]. [1,

#### mutic dynamic loaded Tribo-System:

ACDT) consists of the machine, personal

computer and interface which allow realizing the real time of multi-parameters of the control and program management by loading, speed and temperature[4,5]. Continuously and parallel measurement of parameters which inter in the friction moment, Tribo-emf, contact electroresistance, temperature etc. are carried out. Methodical and program-algorithmic maintenance of ACDT contains standard methods of tests and also original methods of Tribo-diagnostic methods of stochastic processes and identification multisurface. ACDT provides:

1. Tests under the radial and load circuits face, automated by integration of sensors

recording parameters of friction;

- 2. Primary data processing of the information with the help of electronic devices, which is further, processed on PC, in order to ease the formation and optimizing the distribution of files and the current parameters values;
- 3. Account for rating criteria of the status of researched friction;
- 4. Multi-parameters diagnostics and automotive definition of friction and deterioration critical points.

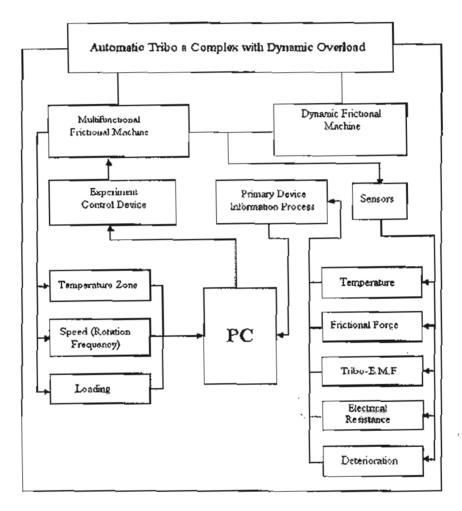


Fig 1: The block diagram of automatic complex Tribo- technical with dynamic loading.

searching a pair friction on ACDT is exposed to action of the load, the speed, the environment, the external source of heat; thus the measuring gauges of the friction moment, the deterioration and the temperature of samples, the electrical resistance of contact surfaces and triboemf. The software allows to estimate values of the tribo-dynamic characteristics.

operated the speed, by loading and external heating of samples and includes low level programs, and also a complex of management both scientific programs of processing and performance of results. The low level programs carry out direct information interchange and management of the executive mechanisms. The management complex program allows

carrying out the experiment on the given mode with fixing of required parameters, statistical analysis of the received results with performance them in a graphic or tabulated kind [6]. The technical parameters ACDT and its complete set are given in the table 1.

Table 1: Technical parameters automatic complex Tribo-technical with dynamic loading.

The name	The Technical characteristic		
ACDT	Power consumption, kw	5	
	Weight or a complex, kg	300	
Computer	IBM PC/AT		
Adjustable mobile	Relative speed of sliding of		
sample drive	a mobile Sample, m/s	0,013-5	
	Sample size, mm	< 100	
Loading:			
	Load, H	10-5000	
Pneumatic	Tolerance in loading, %	±4	
by cargoes	573		
Control System:	Thermostat, °C		
Samples heating or tests	The furnace, °C	30-200	
Environment	Pressure of air in a highway	30-600	
	Pneumatic drive, M Bas	< 0.4	
Pneumatic loading	TD		
management	Rotation frequency of		
rotating drive	a spindle, min-1	3-2000	
Totaling diffe		Į	
Test device	The loading face circuit		
	The loading radial circuit		
	Reversal friction		
The measurement	_		
device:	Friction moment, Nm. 10 <sup>-3</sup>	25-5000± 5%	
The friction moment			
***	Total linear deterioration		
Linear deterioration	of samples, MKM	2-500±10%	
Electrical resistance of	Flantsian and an area		
contacts	Electrical resistance of	01 0 105 110	
Comacts	contacts, $O_M = 0$	.U1-2. TO- ±1%	
	Tribo-E.M.F, mV 0	01-1000+5%	
Tribo-E.M.F	11100-2.14(.1, 11) 4 0	·01-1000±3/0	
Methodical and software	Standard tests methods.		
algorithmic:	Processing methods of		
	stochastic processes.		
	Original methods Tribo-diagnostics.		

The original method is realized by ACDT [3] researching the tribo processes in friction influence conditions and the normal loading modulation, concentrate formation and processes in the friction zone. The Kinetics of these processes is

stimulated by the help of normal dynamic power (force) influence at constant values of other factors - temperature and speed of relative sliding [7, 8]. The dynamic influence is carried out by fluctuations modulating force of normal pressure.

The dynamic force component of normal pressure can be getting by dynamic vibrator - device, modulating a fluctuations load. The dynamic vibrator - device (fig. 2) consists of a motionless part I, coil 2 and mobile parts 3 electromagnets, spring 4,

lock ring 5 and generator G. The electrical signal from the generator will be transformed by an electromagnet to mechanical fluctuations, which by means of a mobile part 3 are transferred in a zone of the contact 6 and the flat samples 7.

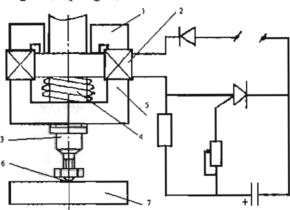


Fig 2: The dynamic vibrator-device

The size of dynamic loading ranges 0-30 % from quasi load. The quasi force component of the normal pressure in contact of researched pair samples set through a weight difference. The friction force measurement in contact (fig. 3) is located on a table of the test facility 1 and consists of the basis 2, little table for fastening a flat sample 7, two pairs bans 3 between them, inductive gauge 5, little table, recording moving, 7 under action of friction force arising at moving points 9 concerning flat samples 8. The gauge 5 is fixed in a clip 4, which allows carrying out its smooth moving for tuning and adjustment. The returning of a little table

in an initial situation is carried out by a ring spring 6.

The friction force is registered on a deviation loop (ring), rigidly connected with a little table for fastening a sample. As ring used an elastic element dynamometer of a stretching such as DRY, having a straight-line characteristic "moving force". For decrease (reduction) of force of friction between the basis and little table, last is established on spherical support. By maximum signal increase of the recording equipment variation factor for the received values of friction, force has made less than 6 %.

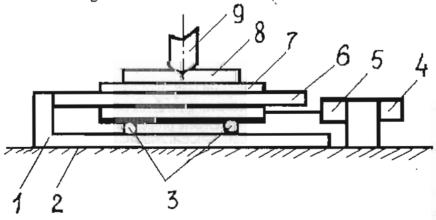


Fig 3: The site of measurement of friction force

The sliding speed of rood on a surface of a flat sample is in a range from 0.013 till 0.13 m/s and is set in steps by box of transfers' drive of the engine.

The definition of the geometrical characteristics of a track of friction is carried out with the help profilograph-roughness indicator by model B-201 which is in factory "Caliber". The tracks of friction received in identical conditions

profilograph, also determined average value of deterioration. The error of registration of deterioration depends on size of vertical and horizontal increases profilograph and does not exceed 1 %. As criteria of a rating of the mechanism of destruction of a surface use the characteristics submitted in the table 2 [9, 10].

Table 2: Criterion of a rating of the mechanism of destruction of a surface of friction

Criteria	Equation	The notes
K <sub>ε</sub> Intensity relative parameter of wear dynamic process	$K_E = \frac{E_d - E_c}{E_c}$	$E_d$ , $E_c$ , -deterioration parameters of a flat sample (track depth of friction h, fig.4) on sites, accordingly, quasi and dynamic loading modes.
V <sub>Ec</sub> Variation factor V <sub>Ed</sub> parameter of deterioration (characterizes material reliability)	$V_{\varepsilon} = \frac{C_{\varepsilon}}{E}$	Disperse of a parameter of $C_{\varepsilon}$ deterioration, E-Average value of deterioration parameter
$K_d^{PL}$ Coefficients Layer $K_d^{PPC}$ Parameter	$K^{PL} = \frac{S^b}{S}$	S'-The superseded material area, S-The area of a track of friction (fig.4)

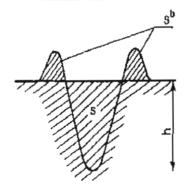


Fig. 4: Cross Section of a friction track

As a material of flat samples the metal and composite materials or coverings with hardness 10-65 HRC can be used [11]. Penetrator with a spherical working surface is made of steel, composite or ceramic materials with hardness not less

than 1400 Mbas. Researched lubricant materials, the oils, dispersions of environment should have kinetics viscosity at 40 C° about within a range of 2-190 mm/s<sup>2</sup>.

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#### 3. Conclusions:

The complex diagnostic equipment has most effective application in researches of complex tribo-system, when the multiparametrical control of a rating of reliability and quality of materials tribo-system such as gradient materials, coverings, super thin superficial layers of friction required, lubricant compositions with ultra dispersing additives and others. The methodology of the control of

parameters tribo-system realized on ACDT allow realizing optimum choice strategy of covering for high load details and nodes of machines and equipment that has found a use on line of the machine construction. Thus, the complex, submitted in this paper, due to its high reliability and reliability data has been recommended for realization and certified tests for wide class of materials

Tribo-technical purpose.

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